INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

Patenttitoimisto Kari Pirhonen Oy

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY

P.O. Box 71 FIN-20101 TURKU Finland	EXAMINING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 66)			
	Date of mailing (day/month/year) 1 2 -07- 2004			
Applicant's or agent's file reference P1930	REPLY DUE within days from the above date of mailing			
International application No. International filing dat				
PCT/IB2003/004646 20.10.2003	18.10.2002			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classific				
B03C 1/28, G01N 33/543				
Applicant				
Bio-Nobile Oy et al				
1. The written opinion established by the International	Searching Authority:			
is	is not			
considered to be a written opinion of the Internation	<u>.</u>			
2. This first (first, etc.) opinion cents	ains indications relating to the following items:			
Box No. I Basis of the opinion				
Box No. II Priority				
Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with	regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention				
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2 citations and explanations supporting	(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability, it such statement			
Box No. VI Certain documents cited				
Box No. VII Cortain defects in the international a	pplication §			
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the internati	ional application			
3. The applicant is hereby invited to reply to this opinion.				
When? See the time limit indicated above. The applicate grant an extension, see Rule 66.2(e).	it may, before the expiration of that time limit, request this Authority to			
For the form and the language of the amendmen	- g			
Also For the examiner's obligation to consider amon For an informal communication with the exami For an additional opportunity to submit amonds	ner, see Rule 66.6.			
If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examins	tion report will be established on the basis of this opinion.			
4. The final date by which the international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter II of the PCT) must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 18.02.2005				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE Authorized officer				
Patent- och registreringsverket				
Box 5055 S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Irma Bornhede / JA A				
Facsimile No. 46 8 667 72 88	Telephone No. 46 8 782 25 00			

Form PCT/IPEA/408 (cover sheet) (January 2004)

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

mational application No.
PCT/IB2003/004646

Box	No. I	Ba	ısis of the opinion	
1.	With a	regard to it was fi	o the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international iled, unless otherwise indicated under this item.	l application in the language in
 	Ц	This op which i	vinion is based on a translation from the original language into the following language is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:	;e,
			international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))	
			publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)	
			international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)	
2.	which	have be inally file	·	the basis of (replacement sheets we referred to in this opinion as
	X	the int	crnational application as originally filed/furnished	
		the de	scription:	
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3.		The ar	mendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
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			the claims, Nos.	
			the drawings, sheets/figs	
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4.		This o	ppinion has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, sir youd the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).	ace they have been emsidered to
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			the claims, Nos.	
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WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTBORITY

national application No.
PCT/IB2003/004646

Be	x No. V	Reasoned statement un citations and explanati		(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; generated the such statement
1.	Statemen	t		
	Nove	elty (N)	Claims Claims	
	lnver	ative step (IS)	Claims Claims	1-3.5-6.8-9.12-13
	Indus	strial applicability (IA)	Claims Claims	

2. Citations and explanations:

The invention concerns a magnetic transfer method and a microparticle transfer device for sorting, collecting, transferring or dosing micro-particles in a liquid by using magnetic field. The invention also concerns a rector unit for micro-particles. The particles are collected on the surface of a protective cover by means of at least one magnet placed inside it. The particles are dosed by means of a ferromagnetic body.

The aim of the invention is to provide a device by means of which micro-particles can be collected from a large volume and concentrated into a smaller volume.

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: US 2 517 325 A
D2: US 6 020 211 A
D3: WO 87 055 36 A1
D4: US 6 468 810 B1.

Document D3 is considered to represent the closest prior art. Document D3 describes a method and apparatus for collecting and dispersing ferromagnetic particles in a fluid medium. The apparatus, a probe, comprises a cylindrical plastic sleeve having a nose-shaped end. The nose has a thinner jacket wall than the body of the sleeve. A permanent magnet is movable in the passageway of the sleeve. To collect the particles, the permanent magnet is moved into the closed nose end. To disperse the particles, the permanent magnet is moved to a position spaced from the nose.

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national application No. PCT/IB2003/004646

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: Box V

Claims 1, 5 and 13

The invention according to claims 1 and 5 differs from the method and the device in D3 in that the magnet and the ferromagnetic body are moved in relation to each other so that magnet is partially completely outside the or ferromagnetic body, when collecting the particles and the magnet is partially or completely inside the ferromagnetic body, when releasing or dosing the particles.

ferromagnetic particles are features, the released by changing the magnetic field.

Consequently, the problem is to develop an alternative to release the micro-particles.

A solution to this problem is known from document D1, which describes a long bar magnet inside a soft-iron tube. By moving the magnet inwards in the soft-iron tube, the magnetic field is diminished. By moving the magnet outwards from the softiron tube, the magnetic field is intensified.

It is therefore considered to be obvious for a person skilled in the art to use the teachings in D3 together with prior-art as specified in D1 in order to achieve a magnetic transfer method and a micro-particle transfer device for sorting, collecting, transferring or dosing micro-particles in a liquid according to the claimed invention.

Therefore, the method and the device defined in claims 1 and 5 do not involve an inventive step.

The reactor unit comprises a micro-particle unit defined in claim 5 and therefore, the invention defined in claim 13 does not involve an inventive step.

Claims2-3, 6, 8-9 and 12

In view of the cited art and general knowledge, the features defined in claims 2-3, 6, 8-9 and 12 are considered to be measures obvious to a person skilled in the art.

Accordingly, the invention defined in claims 2-3, 6, 8-9 and 12 lacks inventive step.